SAFETY DATA SHEET



DEOFRESH CITRUS

STEAMASTER AUSTRALIA PTYLTD

Catalogue number: Version No: **1.6** Issue date: **13/01/2017**

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	DEOFRESH CITRUS
Synonyms	
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Carpet deodoriser

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	STEAMASTER AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address	6 Reservoir Avenue, Greenacre SYDNEY NSW 2190 Australia
Telephone	(02) 9796 3433
Hot Line	1800 855 677
Website	www.steamaster.com.au
Email	sales@steamaster.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone numbers	13 1126
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

 ${\sf HAZARDOUS\ CHEMICAL.\ NON-DANGEROUS\ GOODS.\ According\ to\ the\ WHS\ Regulations\ and\ the\ ADG\ Code.}$

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable	
GHS Classification [1]	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Skin Sensitizer Category 1	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI	

Label elements

GHS label elements

P272





Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

SIGNAL WORD	DANGER
Hazard Statements	
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Precautionary statement(s) Prevention	
P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P261	Avoid breathing mist / vapours / spray.

Issue Date: **13/01/2017**Print Date: **13/01/2017**

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P310+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P302+P352+P333+P313	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice / attention.	
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

AP501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
9016-45-9	<10	nonylphenol, ethoxylated
5392-40-5	<1	citral
64-17-5	<10	ethanol, denatured
111-30-8	<1	glutaraldehyde

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Seek medical attention without delay. Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. If pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	If furnes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. If patient is unwell, transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.
Ingestion	Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Evtina	uishing	madia
$-\lambda$ \cdots	uisiiiig	IIICuia

Extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.	
	Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area	

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known
rife incompanionity	None knowr

Advice for Firefighters		
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use firefighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Fire/Explosion Hazard Non-combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.	

Issue Date: **13/01/2017**Print Date: **13/01/2017**

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Clean up all spills immediately.
Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.
Wipe up.
Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.

Moderate hazard.
Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
Stop leak if safe to do so.
Absorb on sand, dirt, vermiculite or similar absorbent material. Place into labelled drums and dispose of according to local government regulations.
Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively handle.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
Use in a well-ventilated area.
Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
Avoid physical damage to containers.
DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	None known

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	ethanol, denatured	Ethyl alcohol	1880 mg/m3 / 1000 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	glutaraldehyde	Glutaraldehyde	Not Available	Not Available	0.41 mg/m3 / 0.1 ppm	Sen

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Ethoxylated nonylphenol; (Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether)	0.37 mg/m3	4.1 mg/m3	260 mg/m3
ethanol, denatured	Ethyl alcohol; (Ethanol)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
glutaraldehyde	Gluteraldehyde	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Not Available	Not Available
citral	Not Available	Not Available
ethanol, denatured	15,000 ppm	3,300 [LEL] ppm
glutaraldehyde	Not Available	Not Available

Issue Date: **13/01/2017** Print Date: **13/01/2017**

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate. If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	Safety glasses with side shields. OR Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. Butyl or Neoprene. NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. Gloves must only be wom on clean hands.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream. Skin cleansing cream. Eye wash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear blue liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Citrus	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	7	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit(%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

Issue Date: **13/01/2017**Print Date: **13/01/2017**

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage.
Ingestion	No relevant data
Skin Contact	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition The material may produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.
Chronic	Skin contact with the material is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

May be a danger of the material presenting an acute aquatic hazard. **DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	LOW	LOW
citral	LOW	LOW
ethanol, denatured	LOW (Half-life = 2.17 days)	LOW (Half-life = 5.08 days)
glutaraldehyde	LOW	LOW

Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	LOW (BCF = 16)
citral	LOW (LogKOW = 3.4453)
ethanol, denatured	LOW (LogKOW = -0.31)
glutaraldehyde	LOW (LogKOW = -0.1821)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
nonylphenol, ethoxylated	LOW (KOC = 940)
citral	LOW (KOC = 147.7)
ethanol, denatured	HIGH (KOC = 1)
glutaraldehyde	HIGH (KOC = 1.094)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / packaging disposal	Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations
------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Issue Date: **13/01/2017**Print Date: **13/01/2017**

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

NONYLPHENOL, ETHOXYLATED (9016-45-9) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

CITRAL (5392-40-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

ETHANOL, DENATURED (64-17-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Exposure Standards

Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

GLUTARALDEHYDE (111-30-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Exposure Standards

Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA; Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit

IDLH: Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL: No Observed Effects Level
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
LOD: Limit Of Detection
OTV: Odour Threshold Value
BGF: Bio Concentration Factors
BEI: Biological Exposure Index

This document is copyright.

End of SDS